FLIGHT MANUAL

GLIDERS

CENTRAIR 101 - 101 P - 101 A - 101 AP

REGISTRATION Nº

SERIAL Nº

APPROVED BY

The DIRECTION GENERALE DE L'AVIATION CIVILE (DGAC)

Date of approval: 18 JUIL.1983



"This glider flight manual is the translation of an approved French flight manual. The note "DGAC approved" on certain pages means that these pages are an integral translation of the French issue approved by DGAC".

This glider flight manual is FAA approved for US registered glider in accordance with the provisions of 14 CFR Section 21.29 and is required by FAA type certificate data sheet N° The FAA manual consists of all uncoded and coded B pages marked "DGAC approved".

#### IMPORTANT NOTE

The pratical value of this manual depends entirely upon it being correctly updated.

The revisions are recorded on the last page. At this revision, the effectivity of the manual is specified overleaf.

THIS DOCUMENT SHALL BE CARRIED IN GLIDER AT ALL TIMES

#### 2.1. BASIS FOR CERTIFICATION

The gliders CENTRAIR 101 - 101P - 101A - 101AP received on june 3 1982 the french type certificate N° 171 in the "U" (utility) category conforming to the JAR 22, april 1980 issue.

#### 2.2. OPERATING LIMITS

This glider is approved for "Day VFR" flight only. Not approved are :

- Aerobatic flight including voluntary spins;
- Winch towing using the forward tow hook.
- Flight with full water ballast bags when temperature is below freezing.
- Flight with the wings in a non symetrical configuration (loading of water ballast bags or winglets).
- The use of cable ring different of the one allowed by hook's manufacture

#### 2.3. AIRSPEED LIMITATIONS IN INDICATED AIRSPEED (IAS)

		Km/H	Knots
	Vne without winglets	250	135
- Never exceed speed	Vne with winglets	220	119
- Max. manoeuvring speed	Va	170	92
- Max. rough air speed	Vra	170	92
- Max. aerotow speed	Vt	170	92
<ul><li>Max. winch launching speed</li><li>Max. landing gear extended</li></ul>	Vw	120	65
speed	Vle	170	92
- Max. landing gear operating speed	Vlo	170	92

#### 2.4. AIRSPEED INDICATOR MARKINGS

- Radial red line: (Vne without winglets) 250 Km/H 135 Kts
- Red triangle with a "P" : (Vne with winglets) 220 Km/H 119 Kts
- Yellow arc : range to be used with caution

in calm air 170 to 250 Km/H - 92 to 135 Kts (without winglets)

170 to 220 Km/H - 92 to 119 Kts (with winglets)

- Green arc : normal operating range 80 to 170 Km/H

43 to 92 KNOTS

-Yellow triangle: lowest approach speed recommended 90 Km/H - 49 Kts (with empty water ballast bags);

LIMITATIONS

#### 2.5. FLIGHT LOAD FACTORS AT GROSS WEIGHT

- At 170 Km/H - 92 Kts (IAS)

Max. positive load factor n = +5.3 g Max. negative load factor n = -2.65 g

- At 250 Km/H - 135 Kts (IAS) without winglets

And at 220 Km/H - 119 Kts (IAS) with winglets

Max. positive load factor n = + 4.0 g Max. negative load factor n = -1.5 g

#### 2.6. WEIGHT LIMITS

## 2.6.1. Weight limits: glider not equiped with water ballast

101 P -

	101 - 101 A	nimum velcht cooloo	
		15 M version without winglets	15 M version with winglets
Max. weight of non lifting parts pty weight equipped, about	235  Kg = 518.1 Lbs 247  Kg = 540.1 Lbs	235 Kg = 518.1 lbs 247 Kg = 544.5 Lbs	368 Kg = 811.3 Lbs 235 Kg = 518.1 Lbs 250 Kg = 551.1 Lbs 118 KG + 260.1 Lbs

## 2.6.2. Weight limits: glider equipped with water ballast

101 P

	101	in i	101	A	15 M with		sion vinglets	15 l			sion glets	
Max. approved weight with	<b>45</b> 5	Kg	=	1003.1Lbs	455	Kg =	1003.1Lbs	455	Kg	=	1003.1	Lbs
empty water ballast	368	Kg	=	811.3Lbs	370	Kg =	815.7Lbs	373	Kg	=	822.3	Lbs
Max. weight of non lifting parts	235	Kg	=	518.1Lbs	235	Kg =	518.1Lbs	235	Kg	=	518.1	Lbs
Empty weight equipped, about	251	KG	=	553.3Lbs	253	Kg =	557.8Lbs	256	Kg	=	564.4	Lbs
Useful load, about	117	KG	=	257.9Lbs	117	Kg =	257.9Lbs	117	Kg	=	257.9	Lbs

#### 2.6.3. Maximum baggage weight

15 Kg - 33 Lbs secured

101 AP

#### 2.7. WEIGHT AND BALANCE

#### 2.7.1. Center of gravity range

230 to 375 mm - 9.06 to 14.76 inches after of datum line.

Datum line : wing leading edge at wing root.

Levelling means : on top surface of fuselage tail cone, level using a gradient wedge of 45/1000.

#### 2.7.2. Use nose ballast to stay within C. G. range

In the abscence of a specific calculation for the considered glider as given in section 6 or in the weight and balance record, use the chart below to determine the number of necessary lead discs. Weight of one lead disc 2.2 Lbs + 0.44

Lead discs quantity	Minimum weight equipped pilot
0	70 Kg 154.3 Lbs
1	67 Kg 147.7 Lbs
2	65 Kg 143.3 Lbs
3	63 Kg 138.9 Lbs
4	61 Kg 134.5 Lbs
5	59 Kg 130.1 Lbs
6	57 Kg 125.7 Lbs
Fiscard7 or glider	55 Kg 121.3 Lbs

NOTE: for a glider with optional equipment use the weight and balance information of this glider (see section 5 or weight and balance record) in order to determine a new chart using datas given in section 6.

#### 2.8. REQUIRED EQUIPMENT

- Airspeed indicator )
   Altimeter ) connected to the front static parts
- Compass

See equipment list in section 6

# 2.9. TOWING-ROPE OR CABLE REQUIREMENTS

#### Towing-rope :

Maximum permissible nominal strength : 590 daN
Minimum towing cable length : 100 ft (30 m)

#### Winch-launching cable :

Maximum permissible nominal strength : 590 daN (weak-link)

# 2.10. LIMITATIONS PLACARDS (in the cockpit)

2.10.1. Weight limits placard (placard located on the right side back of water ballast handle).

# Placard for gliders CENTRAIR 101 - 101 A

- Glider not equipped with water ballast

Max. approved weight 363 Kg = 800.3 LbsEmpty weight equipped xxx kg = xxx.x Lbsuseful load xxx Kg = xxx.x Lbs

- Glider equipped with water ballast

Max. weight with loaded water ballast 455 Kg = 1003 Lbs Max. weight with empty water ballast 370 Kg = 815.7 Lbs Empty weight xxx Kg = xxx.x Lbs Useful load xxx Kg = xxx.x Lbs

xxx Kg : value specified for every new glider

# Placards for gliders CENTRAIR 101 P - 101 AP

- Glider not equipped with water ballast

	15 mt	version		version
Velgaism sa - Vinta Islanda Pa	Kg	Lbs	with Kg	winglets Lbs
Max. approved weight	365	804.7	368	811.3
Empty weight	XXX	XXX	xxx	xxx
Useful load	XXX	XXX	xxx	XXX

- Glider equipped with water ballast

	15 mt	version	15 mt version		
	KG	Lbs	with wi kg	nglets Lbs	
Max. weight with loaded water ballast Max. weight with empty	455	1003	455	1003	
water ballast Empty weight Useful load	370 xxx xxx	815.7 xxx xxx	373 xxx xxx	822.3 xxx xxx	

2.10.2. Airspeed limits (IAS)

(Placard located on the left hand side front of the water ballast handle)

# Placard for the 4 versions

Max. winch lauching speed Max. landing gear extended	Vt Vw	170 Km/H 170 Km/H 120 Km/H 170 Km/H	92 Kts 92 Kts 65 Kts 92 Kts
Max. landing gear operating speed	Vlo	170 Km/H	92 Kts 101Aand 101 AP

2.10.3. Weight and balance
(Placard located on the right hand side back of the water ballast handle)

Lead discs quantity	Minimum weight equipped pilot				
0	70 Kg	154.3 Lbs			
1	67 Kg	147.7 Lbs			
2	65 Kg	143.3 Lbs			
3	63 Kg	138.9 Lbs			
. 4	61 Kg	134.5 Lbs			
5	59 Kg	130.1 Lbs			
6	57 Kg	125.7 Lbs			
7	55 Kg	121.3 Lbs			

NOTE : This placard must be used if there is no chart of specific loading in the considered glider (2.712.).

LIMITATIONS

#### 2.10.4. Opérating limits placards

Located on the left hand side front of the water ballast handle. .

Dayl W.F.R. authorized

Are forbidden

- Voluntary spin and acrobatic flights
- Winch lauching with the front hook
- Flight with loaded water ballast when temperature
  - is below 0° Celsius (32° F)
- Flight with the wing in assymetrical configuration

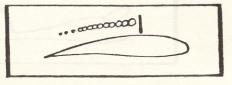
#### 2.10.5. Baggage limitation placards

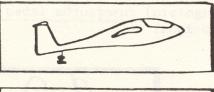
Located on the right hand side of the baggage compartment.

MAXI WEIGHT BAGGAGES
15 Kg - 33.15 Lbs secured

#### 2.11. PICTOGRAPHS (inside cockpit)

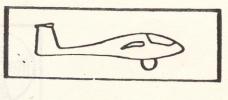
Airbrakes (pictographs located on left hand side of cockpit forward the blue handle)



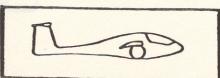




Landing gear for gliders CENTRAIR 101 A - 101 AP only



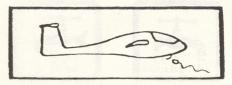
Pictographs located on lower left side of cockpit at front and back of black lever.



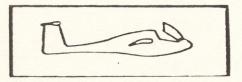
#### PICTOGRAPHS (continuation)

#### Tow release

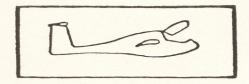
(Pictograph located under the yellow knob on left side of stick at base of instrument panel)



Canopy opening (pictograph located on each side of canopy frame in front of red knob)



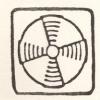
Canopy jettisoning (pictograph above instrument panel and on right side of red knob)



Rudder pedal adjustment (pictograph located under black knob on right front of the stick)



Ventilation (pictograph located on left side of grey knob on the upper part of instrument panel)



Water ballast (pictographs located front of every grey knobs on left and right cockpit walls)



FLIGHT MANUAL



#### 3.1. STALL RECOVERY

- 1) Move control-stick forward
- 2) Make a smooth pull out

The loss of altitude should be less than 100 feet (30 M)

# 3.2. RECOVERY FROM UNVOLUNTARY SPIN

- 1) Apply full rudder against the direction of rotation of the spin
- 2) Move control-stick forward
- 3) Ailerons in neutral position
- 4) Be careful not to exceed VNE when pulling out of the dive

NOTE: the use of the airbrakes is permitted up the VNE but caution should be used when opening the airbrakes at high speed.

> Spin recovery is influenced by the weight and C. G. location but in all cases recovery is in less than one revolution and the maximum loss of altitude is less than 260 feet (80  $\mathrm{M}$ ).

#### 3.3. a. HINGED CANOPY EJECTION

- 1) Open the 2 red handles (normal opening) located on either side of canopy
- 2) Pull red knob located under eye shade
- 3) Push canopy upward.

# 3.3. b. COMPETITION CANOPY EJECTION

- 1) Open the 2 red handles located on both sides of the canopy
- 2) Push the canopy upward;

## 3.4. BAIL OUT PROCEDURES

- 1) Canopy ejection as explained above
- 2) Open safety harness
- 3) Evacuate on the most favorable side so as to avoid the empennage
- 4) open the emergency parachute at a reasonable distance from the glider.

NORMAL PROCEDURES

#### 4.1. PREFLIGHT CHECK

- 1. Open canopy
- 2. Check weight and set trim for take off
- 3. Check number of lead discs on board, make sure safety pin is in place \*
- 4. Check battery charge
- 5. Test the radio
- 6. Make sure you have hooked up the controls
- 7. Check clearance of airbrakes and locking mechanism
- 8. Check pitot tube and T.E. tube for obstructions
- 9. Check harness
- 10. Check insertion of wing pins in the fuselage. Make sure pins are latched with the safety mechanism
- 11. Close canopy (airbrakes remain open)
- 12. Check condition of right wing (movable surfaces, hinges) and lock of wing-tip or winglets (gliders CENTRAIR 101 P and 101 AP)
- 13. Check condition of the fuselage behind the wings
- 14. Take off tail dolly
- 15. Check tightness of bolt on the horizontal stabilizer and engage the safety (use tool furnished by the manufacturer)
- 16. Make sure the elevator quick connect (at end of control rod) is engaged
- 17. Check condition of horizontal tail
- 18. Check condition of left wing (movable surfaces, hinges and lock of wing-tip or winglets)
- 19. Check condition of landing gear and landing gear doors
- 20. Check the parachute
- 21. Check whether tow hook works
- \* Important : after the installation of the lead discs, the butterfly nut must be properly fixed and checked before every take off. The safety pin must be tied. If the pilot weight exceeds 187.4 lbs, the pilot will have to remove the discs.

### 4.1.2. CHECK AFTER REASSEMBLING

- Check insertion of the wing pins in the fuselage and tightness of the bolt on the horizontal stabilizer.
- Make sure you have hooked up the controls (see instructions in section 8)

#### 4.2. RUDDER PEDALS ADJUSTMENT

To move rudder pedals forward: pull back knob on right of stick foot and push pedals forward. Release knob and lock in place by putting a slight pressure on pedals.

To move rudder pedals backward: do not press on them. Pull back knob on right of stick. Release the black knob and slightly press on pedals to lock them.

#### 4.3. SEAT ADJUSTMENT

- A seat back that is adjustable only on the ground is provided. Adjust it for each pilot and make sure that the two locking studs are secure.
- For a bulky pilot, the seat back can be removed.
- An optional adjustable headrest can be provided with the seat back.

To adjust headrest :

- . Forward and backward adjustment : unlock headrest by moving it to the right and adjust headrest
- . Up and down adjustment : push the knob located in the right side of the headrest to unlock it and adjust headrest.

# 4.4. COCKPIT VENTILATION AND WINDSHIELD DEFROSTING

Two ways of getting ventilation :

- Use the grey control on the instrument panel (pull = open)
- Use the air vent on the canopy window

#### 4.5. TOW CABLE HOOK UP

A TOST ring is compulsory.

The hook position requires special attention when the ring is attached. By pulling on the rope, one can check if the tow ring is properly secure.

#### 4.6. BEFORE TAKE OFF

- Controls : free and in right position
- Airbrakes in and locked
- Trim adjusted
- Cockpit closed and locked
- Adjustment of seat, harness and rudder pedals
- Altimeter (QFE, QNH)
- Airspeed indicator showing zero
- Aeration shut

#### 4.7. TAKE OFF

If for any reason, the glider leaves the towing axis by more than 20° release from tow immediately.

This procedure is a security instruction because of the positioning of the tow hook near the main point of support of the glider on the ground.

The runway borders must be clear before departure.

It is recommended to do the towing by aircraft with the front hook if the glider is equipped with it.

#### ISSUE 2

NORMAL PROCEDURES

#### 4.8. AEROTOW

For gliders using a C.G. tow hook, the landing gear must stay down during the tow.

The recommended aerotow speed is 65 Kts.

#### 4.9. WINCH LAUNCHING

Retract gear only after release from tow due to the hook location. Winch tow with loaded water ballast is recommended in strong wind conditions.

The recommended winch tow speed is 60.5 Kts. Winch tow with the optional front hook is forbidden.

#### 4.10.LANDING

- Lower landing gear at a safe altitude
- The approach will be done at a minimum of 90 KM/H 49 Kts (this speed doesn't take into account either the wind strength or the wing loading)
- The glide ratio is 5 in the following configuration

Airbrakes fully extended
Indicated speed: 90 KM/H = 49 Kts

#### 4.11. CROSS COUNTRY AEROTOW

At the maximum towing speed (VT) 170 KM/H = 92 Kts and in bumpy air, this must be done:

Landing gear down
Trim in nose dive position

If the glider catches up with the towing plane, open slightly the airbrakes (be careful when airbrakes unlock) or

Put the glider in a slight side slip.

#### 4.12. FLIGHT IN RAIN OR HAIL

Water or ice will seriously increase your rate of sink. You must increase your airspeed by 10 KM/H = 5 Kts over normal approach airspeed.

#### ISSUE 2

# 4.13. WATER BALLAST LOADING SYSTEM (if equipped)

Method

position the glider with a wing up;

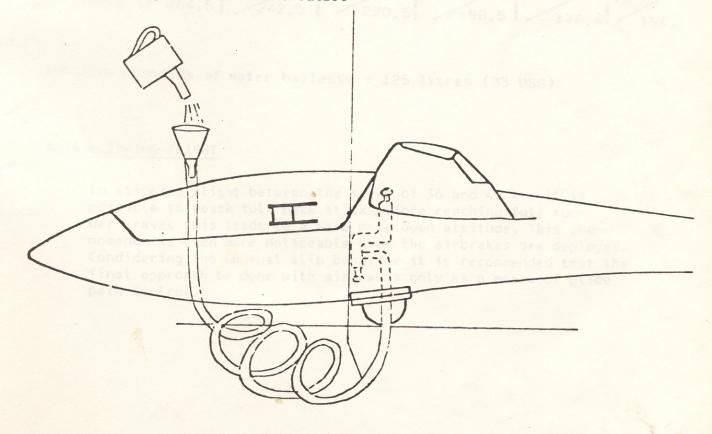
- Open the drain valve on high wing side
- Put in to the outlet (located at the back of landing gear doors) a flexible pipe of the corresponding diameter.
- Fix a funnel at the other end of the pipe and fill the tank.
- Once you have filled with the necessary quantity of water, close the valve
- For the other wing do like wise.

NEVER FILL THE WATER BALLAST WITH PRESSURIZED WATER

NOTE: If the water ballasts can be filled without exceeding the gross weight (see page 4.5) then take off with full ballast is recommended as it minimizes water movement.

- The left handle opens the right wing ballast.
- The right handle opens the left wing ballast.

Flexible pipe fitted in the outlet



# LOADING OF WATER BALLASTS (continued)

The maximum authorized weight must never be exceeded.

To determine the proper quantity of water, use the following table

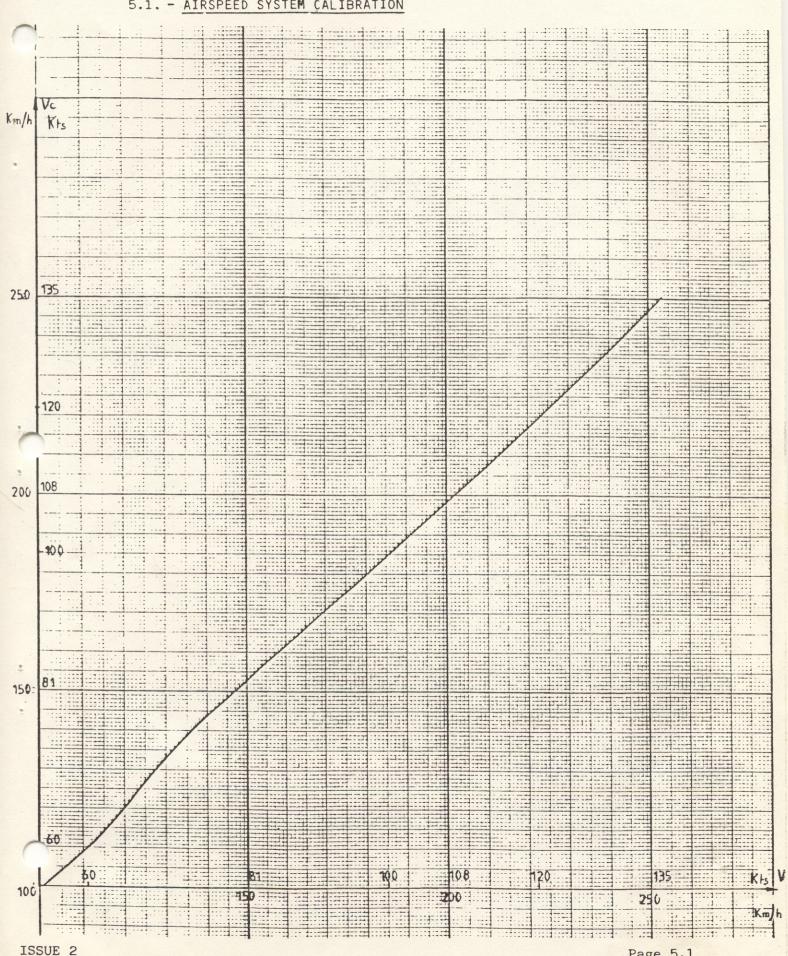
KG	/		•				
			LIVE	WEIGHT			•
/	Lbs	65 143,3	75	85	95 209.4	105	115 253,
115	507	Full	full	full	full	120	110
weight	529	full	full	full	120 264,5	330	100
Empty	250 553	full	full	120 264,5	110	100	90 /
Glider &	573	full	264,5	110	100	90	196,4
513	270 595	264.5	110	100 220.5	00	198,5	70

Maximum capacity of water ballasts: 125 litres (33 USG)

# 4.14 SLIPPING FLIGHT

In slipping flight between the speed of 36 and 45 kts it is possible to reach full back stick before reaching full rudder travel this leads to a more nose down altitude. This phenomenon is even more noticeable when the airbrakes are deployed. Condidering the unusual slip behavior it is recommended that the final approach be done with airbrakes only as a means of glide path control.

5.1. - AIRSPEED SYSTEM CALIBRATION



#### 5.2. STALLS

The following speeds are given for 2 usual weight of the glider.

1. Empty weight with equipment 250 Kg + load 90 Kg = 340 Kg 551 Lbs + load 199 Lbs = 750 Lbs

2. Empty weight equipment 250 Kg + load 90 Kg + water 115 Kg = 455 Kg 551Lbs + load 199Lbs + water 253Lbs = 1003Lbs

BANK	LOAD FACTOR	STALLING SPEEDS				
		at 340 Kg	= 750 lbs	At 455Kg	= 10031bs	
		Km/h	Knots	Km/h	Knots	
00	1	63	34 .	73	39 .	
30°	1,155	68	37	78	42	
45°	1,414	75	40	87	47	
60°	2	89	48	103	56	

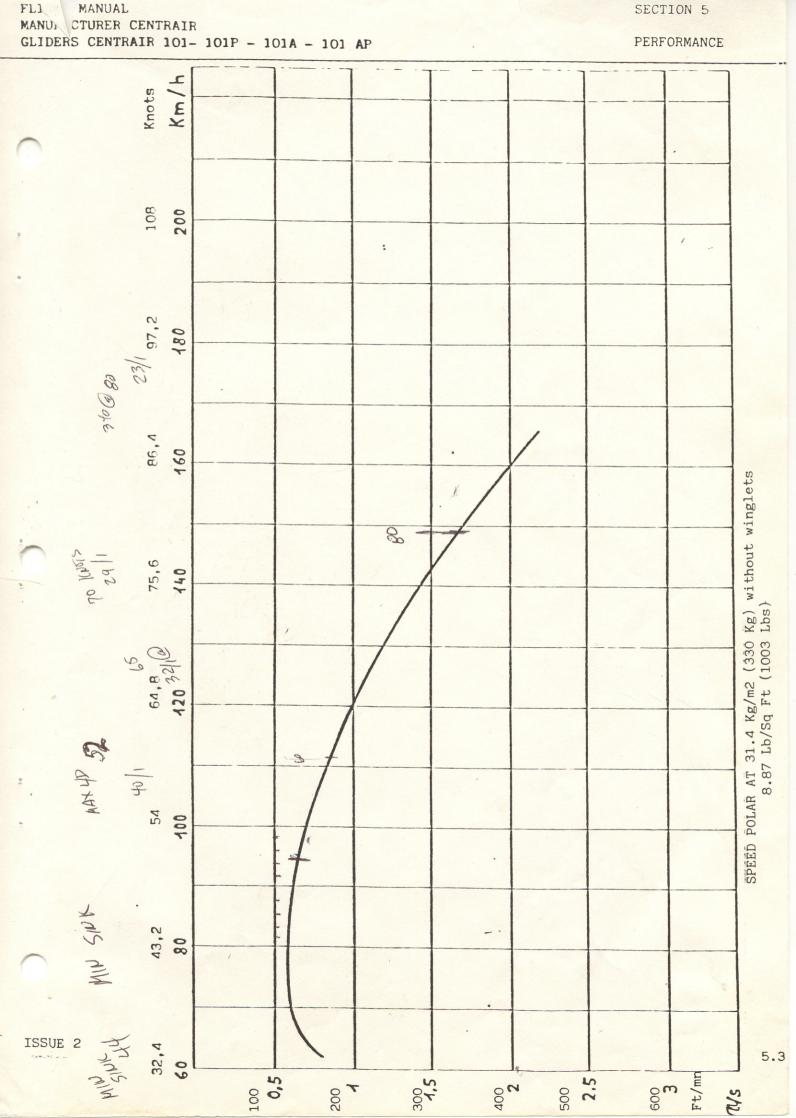
The extension of airbrakes increases the stall speed by 2.7 Kts The approach to the stall brings about a measurable ineffectiveness of the stick (elevator and ailerons) and a slight tail buffeting.

#### 5.3. CROSS WIND

Demonstrated crosswind: 11 Kts.

#### 5.4. GLIDE POLARS

See pages 5.3. and 5.4.



6.87 15/81

31.4 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	2		31.4 hy/ axi	1	Dry 33.73k	g/m2	Wet 45.00k	kg/m2
L/D	km/hr	km/hr	Knots	Knots	Knots	Knots	Knots	Knots
31.4	70	2.23	37.8	1.2042	39.1608	1.247551	45.36	1.44504
38.31	80	2.09	43.2	1.1286	44.7552	1.16923	51.84	1.35432
40.32	90	2.23	48.6	1.2042	50.3496	1.247551	58.32	1.44504
40.3	95	2.36	51.3	1.2744	53.1468	1.320278	61.56	1.52928
39.68	100	2.52	54	1.3608	55.944	1.409789	64.8	1.63296
36.81	110	2.99	59.4	1.6146	61.5384	1.672726	71.28	1.93752
33.67	120	3.56	64.8	1.9224	67.1328	1.991606	77.76	2.30688
30.35	130	4.28	70.2	2.3112	72.7272	2.394403	84.24	2.77344
27.39	140	5.11	75.6	2.7594	78.3216	2.858738	90.72	3.31128
24.75	150	6.05	81	3.267	83.916	3.384612	97.2	3.9204
22.45	160	7.13	86.4	3.8502	89.5104	3.988807	103.68	4.62024

#### 6.1. IN FLIGHT CENTER OF GRAVITY

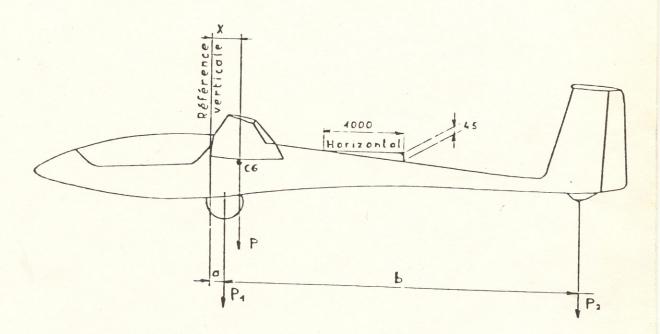
The maximum and minimum equipped pilot weight corresponding to the C.G. (Center of Gravity) limits are given by the weight sheet of each glider.

IMPORTANT NOTE: the weight sheet does not include the lead compensation weights, the water ballast or the optional equipment. To properly verify the C.G. limits with the optional equipment installed (lead weights, optional instruments or water ballast), use one of the following solutions as described in section 6.1.1 or 6.1.2.

#### 6.1.1. WEIGHTING PROCEDURE

Center of gravity position : 
$$X = \frac{P2. b}{P1 + P2} + a$$

$$a = \dots m (\dots Ft)$$
  
 $b = \dots Ft)$ 



#### Weighting method detail

- Put the two support points of the glider on scales
- Level on the upper generating line of the fuselage tail cone, a gradient wedge 45/1000 on horizontal line.
- Measure P1 and P2 (take away the tare/weight eventually used) and calculate X with the upper formula.

Support	Scale Reading	Tare	Net Weight
front			P1 =
back			P2 =

#### 6.1.2. ARITHMETIC CALCULATION

6.1.2.1. Glider: serial number 101 ... Registration N.:

Empty glider lever arm (Blv) = ... m(...in) see weight and balance recognized the second sec

#### 6.1.2.2. Lever arm of the removable elements

Lead discs		- 1.84 M	(- 72.44 in)
Dash board		- 1.10 M	(- 43.31 in)
Pilot		- 0.65 M	(- 25.59 in)
Water ballasts		+ 0.15 M	(+ 5.91 in)
Battery	0.65 M or	+ 0.15 M	(+ 25.59 in or 5.91 in)
Oxygen bottle		+ 0.20 M	(+ 7.87 in)

#### 6.1.2.3. Example for in flight center of gravity calculation

	WEIGHT	S	LEVER ARM		MOMENTS
Empty glider with equipment MVE Equiped pilot (with parachute) lead discs Radio VHF Battery Water ballasts	255 77 0 1.2 3.5 118.3	x x x	-0.65 -1.84 -1.10	= = =	160.65 m Kg -50.05 0 - 1.32 2.275 17.745
$X = \frac{129.3}{} = 0.284 \text{ m } (0.932 \text{ Ft})$	455 KG				129.3 m Kg

Reference chord (socket) : c = 0.887 m (34.92 in) So the center of gravity position in % of chord is

$$\frac{0.284}{----}$$
 = 0.32 so 32 % 0.887

#### 6.1.2.4. Calculation board

455

	Designation	Weight x (m) (lbs)	lever arm = (m) (in)	Moment (m.kg)(in
1	Empty glider equiped	1		
	Pilot			
	lead discs			
	Supl. equipment at the board			
-	Battery			
	Water ballasts			
	Supl. equipment		3	

Total weight: ...... Total moment: ......

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#### 6.2. EQUIPMENT LIST

GLIDERS CENTRAIR 101- 101P - 101A - 101 AP

The glider has to be operated only in visuabl meteorological conditions at daylight.

Glider N° ...... Specification ...... Date :

Obligatory instruments	Presence on the glider	weight (Lbs)	Lever arm (inches)
One airspeed indicator WINTER 6FMS513 20-160 KTS		0.595	- 43.3
One barometer altimeter WINTER 4FGH1033 0-30000 Ft or one barometer altimeter		0.904	- 43.3
WINTER 4HM6 0-20000 Ft		0.551	- 43.3
one certified sensitive altimeter		-	-

Other obligatory equipment	Presence on the glider	Weight (Lbs)	lever arm (inches)
One harness SIRBAIN 501 - 594 - 403 One wheel LELEU 2790.00 One tire 500 X 5 GOODYEAR 301 016 090 Or DUNLOP 500 X 5 One tube GOODYEAR TR 67 One hook TOST G73		2.238 4.056 5.690 1.390 1.543	- 19.7 + 4.7 + 4.7 + 4.7 - 5.9 or - 47.25

EQUIPMENTS LIST (continuation)

Optional instruments (not restrictive list)	Presence on the glider	Weight (Lbs)	FWD/AFT datum (inches)
VHF transceiver BECKER AR 2008/25B or		2.094	- 43.3
VHF transceiver DITTEL ATR 720		1.720	- 43.3
Electric variometer			
Flight computer			t.
Watch board			V.
Electrical horizon			
Accelerometer			

# EQUIPMENTS LIST (continuation)

Optional instruments (not restrictive list)	Presence on the glider	Weight (Lbs)	FWD/AFT datum (inches)
Battery SONNENCHEIN 6FX5S A200		7.672	+ 25.6 or + 5.9
Battery rack 101 - 100 - 328		0.485	+ 25.6 or + 5.9
Water ballasts (one bag) S.G.T.P. 101 - 110 - 354		3.020	+ 5.9
Winglets		5.50	+ 7.9
Additional hook TOST G73 front or C. G. position		1.543	- 5.9 or - 47.25
Oxygen equipment		9.458 cylinder	+ 7.9 cylinder
Loud speaker			+ 5.9
Headrest			- 3.9

#### 7.1. GENERAL DIMENSIONS

Maximum span	15 M	49.21 Ft	2.55 in
Total length	6.80 M	22.00 Ft	3.72 in
Total height	1.42 M	4.00 Ft	7.9 in
Wing aera	10.50 M2	113.02 sq.Ft	

#### 7.2. WINGS

Evolutive airfoil COAP 01 to COAP 02

Aspect ratio 21.43

Dihedral 2.3 °

Mean geometric thord 0.700 M 2.297 Ft 27.56 in

#### 7.3. AILERONS

Aera		38.1	dm2		4.10	sq.Ft
Clearance angles	+ 14 +	2°,	-	22° +		

#### 7.4. AIRBRAKES

Double paddle type with opening only on upper surface Drive through rods.

#### 7.5. WINGLETS

Aera in vertical projection Height/wing chord	0.13 M2 0.80 M2	1.4 sq.Ft
Winglet tip chord	9.5 cm	3.15 in 3.74 IN
Winglet chord at 0.65 M (2.13 Ft) from		
the tip	18 cm	7.09 in

#### 7.6. HORIZONTAL STABILIZER

Aera Airfoil FX 71 L 150/30	0.977 M2	10.76 sq.Ft
Clearance angles Drive through rods	+ 18 ° <u>+</u> 2°	- 22° ± 3.5°

#### 7.7. VERTICAL STABILIZER

Aera	1.0 M2	10.76 sq.Ft
Rudder surface	0.3 M2	3.23 sq.Ft
Airfoil FX 71 L 150/30		o.co bq o
Clearance angles	+ 30° + 3°	
Cables drive	<u> </u>	

#### 7.8. LANDING GEAR

Type: retractable single wheel landing gear, drum brake

Tyre: 500 X 5

Control of main landing gear through rigid rods

Tail shoe made of expanded plastic foam with metallic skid

Tyre inflation: 2.6 to 3.4 bars according to the weight; 37.7 > 49.3/51

DESCRIPTION

#### 7.9. LEAD DISCS

A pin in front of the rudder pedals allows the installation of 7 lead discs weighing 1 Kg - 2.2 Lbs each. to maintain the center of gravity within its limit.

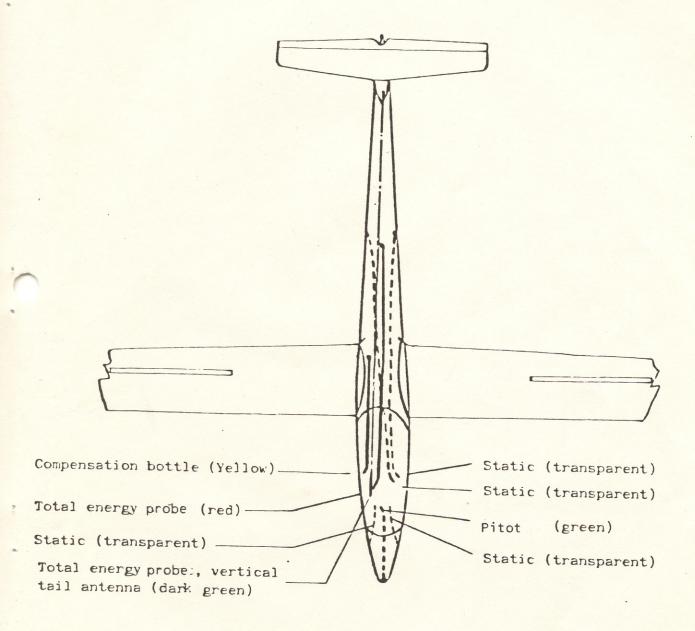
After the installation of the lead discs, the butterfly nut must be properly fixed and checked before every take off. The safety pin must be tied.

DESCRIPTION

#### 7.10 PITOT STATIC SYSTEM

Front static ports : altimeter, airspeed indicator and standard variometer

Back static ports : optional variometer(s)



#### 8.1. NORMAL MAINTENANCE

- The glider must not be hangared in high atmosphere moisture conditions.
- Long exposure to sunlight is harmful to the skins.
- Avoid prolonged storage in non ventilated hangars or trailers
- Airbrakes do not include a drain. Sponge after rain or clean the airbrake boxes.
- The canopy must be preferably cleaned with soapy water and after with a soft cloth and appropriate cleaning products.
- Fiber glass gliders must be kept especially clean. Experience in competition has shown that performance was deteriorated by some 15 % at low speed and by 30 % at high speed if the glider was dirty.
- Clean the landing gear after landing on muddy ground.
- Often check the tyre pressure. It should be between 2.5 and 2.7 for a 350 Kg weight and between 3.2 and 3.4 for a 455 Kg weight; If the tyre pressure is too low, there will be a risk of damaging the landing gear doors while rolling.

See maintenance guide 101 for more details and periodic maintenance and repairing.

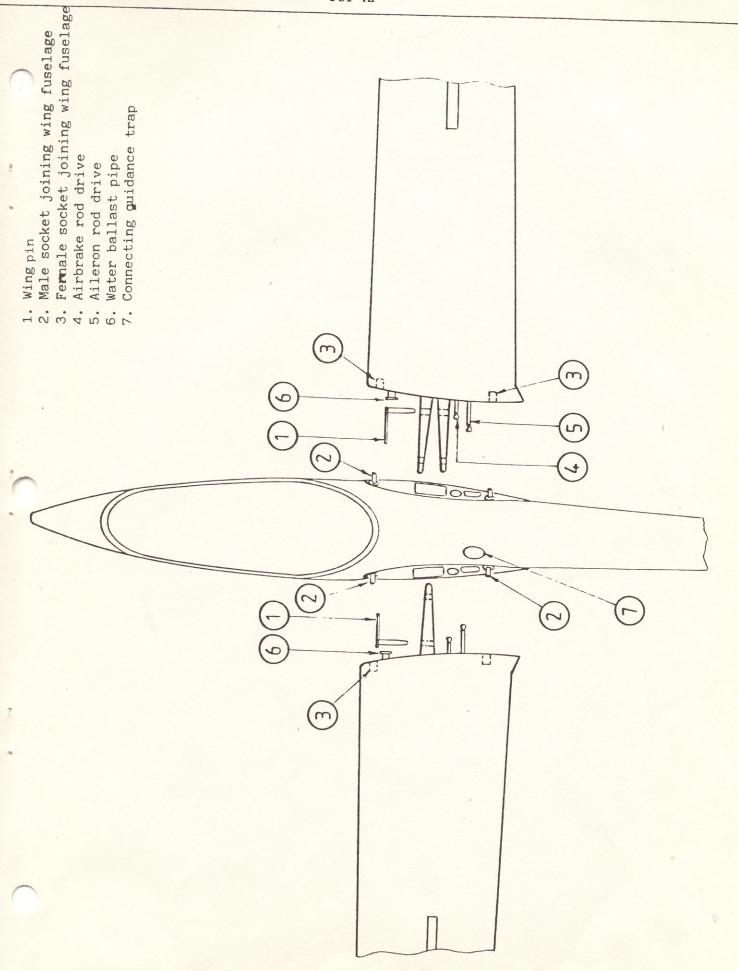
#### 8.2. ASSEMBLY

2 persons + assembly jig and props.

#### 8.2.1. Wings assembling

- All axles, sockets and joints must be cleaned.
- The right wing is inserted into the tunnel fuselage (take care of the control rod ends.
- Put the tip of the right wing on a prop.
- The left wing is jointed in the same way as the right wing (take care of the control rod ends.
- Get the wing pins from their socket. They must penetrate freely and by hand in to the spars.
- Fasten the security of the main wing pins.
- Joint the tips wings and key
- Check the wings jointing and fitting back-lash.
- Through the connecting guidance trap on the upper part of fuselage connect the four sockets as indicated on figure page 8.4.
- Fit the water ballast pipes and the cables drive values.

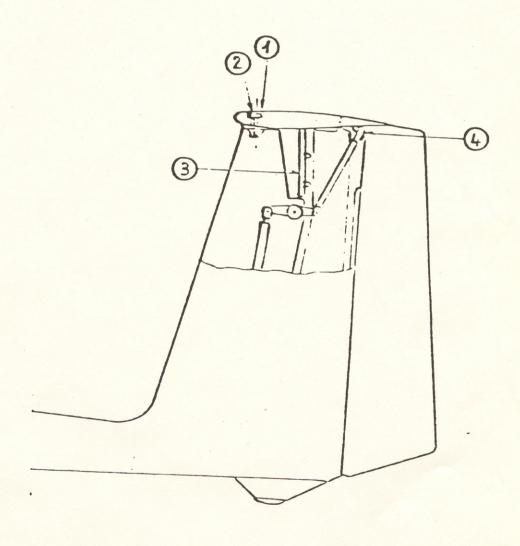
MAINTENANCE



MAINTENANCE

# 8.2.2 - Assembling horizontal stabilizer

Position the horizontal stabilizer so that the tongue fits into the slot in the vertical fin and two forward facing pins engage in the holes in the tongue. Secure the stabilizer to fin with castellated bolt using the T wrench provided. Secure the elevator push rod l'Hotellier fitting to the elevator horn and insert a safety pin.



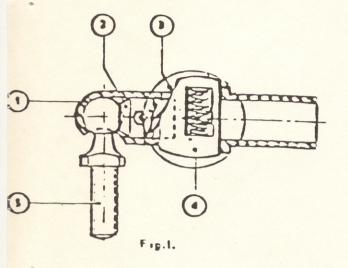
- 1. Screw of leading edge
- 2. Braking device
- 3. Fixation fitting
- 4. Securing of the rod

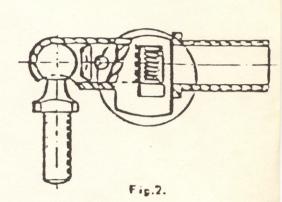
# 8.2.3 - FINAL CHECKING AFTER ASSEMBLY

- Connection of control rods

LOCKED SWIVEL

RELEASED SWIVEL





Check each point by pulling in the direction to separate the swivel from the ball. Check that the locking pin is in the position as shown in Fig.1.

#### Securing wing pins

Check that the wing pins are positioned such that the spring loaded center hook retains the handles of both pins.

#### Horizontal stabilizer

Check that the horizontal stabilizer is correctly positioned, that the retaining bolt is secure and that the elevator push rod is correctly connected (fig. 1).

#### Before flying

Do as indicated in paragraph 4.1 and check the correct functioning of controls and clearance of all control surfaces.

#### 8.3 TAKING DOWN

Opposite procedures of assembling. Don't forget to disconnect the controls first.



Nos réf. : GR/CB 06/045

6/20/86

. Monsieur Tom KNAUFF Ridge Soaring Inc.

RD JULIAN
PENNSYLVANIA 16844
U.S.A.

<u>Subject</u>: Use of sailplanes 101 B 101B198 - 199 - 200 - 201 - 202 - 203 - 204

Dear Sir,

In default of knowing the names and addresses of the owners of the sailplanes 101B.

As a distributor of the aboved sailplanes, we beg you to inform the owners and users of sailplane Pegasus B as following:

- the use of rear water-ballasts of the wing is forbidden, the maximum mass being limited to 455 kgs and the V.A. to 170.

Please, could you acknowledge receipt and keep us informed of the following.

Yours faithfully,

A

MANUFACTURER
S.A. CENTRAIR
Aérodrome
36300 LE BLANC

ADDITIONAL PAGES

FLIGHT MANUAL

GLIDERS

CENTRAIR 101 B

NON APPROVED BY THE

DIRECTION GENERALE DE

L'AVIATION CIVILE

(D.G.A.C.)

#### 2.1. BASIS FOR CERTIFICATION

#### 2.2. OPERATING LIMITS

This glider is approved for "Day VFR" flight only.
Not approved are:

- Aerobatic flight including voluntary spins;
- Winch towing using the forward tow hook.
- Flight with full water ballast bags when temperature is below freezing.
- Flight with the wings in a non symetrical configuration (loading of water ballast bags or winglets).
- The use of cable ring different of the one allowed by hook's manufactur

#### 2.3. AIRSPEED LIMITATIONS IN INDICATED AIRSPEED (IAS)

			Km/H	Knots
_	Never exceed speed	Vne	250	135
	Max. manoeuvring speed	Va	188	102
_	Max. rough air speed	Vra	188	102
-	Max. aerotow speed	Vt	170	92
-	Max. winch launching speed	Vw	120	65
-	Max. landing gear extended			
	speed	Vle	170	92
-	Max. landing gear operating			
	speed	Vlo	170	92

#### 2.4. AIRSPEED INDICATOR MARKINGS

- Radial red line : (Vne) 250 Km/h 135 Kts
- Yellow arc : range to be used with caution in calm air 188 to 250 Km/H 102 to 135 Kts
- Green arc : normal operating range 84 to 188 Km/h 45 to 102 Kts
- -Yellow triangle: lowest approach speed recommended 90 Km/H 49 Kts (with empty water ballast bags);

#### 2.5. FLIGHT LOAD FACTORS AT GROSS WEIGHT

- At 170 Km/H - 92 Kts (IAS)

Max. positive load factor n = +5.3 g Max. negative load factor n = -2.65 g

- At 250 Km/H - 135 Kts (IAS) without winglets

And at 220 Km/H - 119 Kts (IAS) with winglets

Max. positive load factor n = + 4.0 g Max. negative load factor n = -1.5 g

#### 2.6. WEIGHT LIMITS

Maximum approved weight with loaded water ballast	505 Kg / 1 113,33 Lbs
Maximum approved weight with empty water ballast	380 Kg / 837,75 Lbs
Maximum weight of non lifting parts	250 Kg / 551,15 Lbs
Empty weight equipped, about	260 Kg / 573,2 Lbs
Useful, loud, about	120 Kg / 264,55 Lbs

# 2.6.1. Maximum baggage weight

15 Kg - 33 Lbs secured

#### 2.7. WEIGHT AND BALANCE

# 2.7.1. Center of gravity range

230 to 375 mm - 9.06 to 14.76 inches after of datum line.

Datum line : wing leading edge at wing root.

Levelling means: on top surface of fuselage tail cone, level using a gradient wedge of 45/1000.

# 2.7.2. Use nose ballast to stay within C. G. range

In the abscence of a specific calculation for the considered glider as given in section 6 or in the weight and balance record, use the chart below to determine the number of necessary lead discs. Weight of one lead disc 2.2 Lbs + 0.44

Lead discs quantity	Minimum weight equipped pilot
0 1 2 3 4 5 6	TO BE SPECIFIED

NOTE: for a glider with optional equipment use the weight and balance information of this glider (see section 5 or weight and balance record) in order to determine a new chart using datas given in section 6.

#### 2.8. REQUIRED EQUIPMENT

- Airspeed indicator ) connected to the front static parts
- Compass

See equipment list in section 6

#### 2.9. TOWING-ROPE OR CABLE REQUIREMENTS

#### Towing-rope :

Maximum permissible nominal strength: 590 daN

Minimum towing cable length : 100 ft (30 m)

#### Winch-launching cable :

Maximum permissible nominal strength: 590 daN

(weak-link)

#### 2.10. LIMITATIONS PLACARDS (in the cockpit)

2.10.1. Weight limits placard (placard located on the right side back of water ballast handle).

Placard for gliders CENTRAIR 101 B

- Glider equipped with water ballast

Max. weight with loaded water ballast 505 Kg = 1113,2 lbs Max. weight with empty water ballast 380 Kg = 837,7 lbs Empty weight 200 kg = 837,7 lbs 200 kg =

xxx Kg : value specified for every new glider

2.10.2. Airspeed limits (IAS)

Placard located on the left hand side front of the water ballast handle)

## Placard

Max. Max. Max.	manoeuvring speed towing airspeed winch lauching speed landing gear extended landing gear opera-	Va Vt Vw Vle	188 Km/H 170 Km/H 120 Km/H 170 Km/H	102 Kts 92 Kts 65 Kts 92 Kts
	speed	Vlo	170 Km/H	92 Kts

2.10.3. Weight and balance
(Placard located on the right hand side back of the water ballast handle)

Lead discs quantity	Minimum weight equipped pilot		
0 1 2	TO BE SPECIFIED		
4 5 6 7			

NOTE: This placard must be used if there is no chart of specific loading in the considered glider (2.7.2.).

## 4.13. WATER BALLAST LOADING SYSTEM

Method

position the glider with a wing up;

- Open the drain valve on high wing side

- Put in to the outlet (located at the back of landing gear doors) a flexible pipe of the corresponding diameter.
- Fix a funnel at the other end of the pipe and fill the tank.
- Once you have filled with the necessary quantity of water, close the valve
- For the other wing do like wise.

NEVER FILL THE WATER BALLAST WITH PRESSURIZED WATER

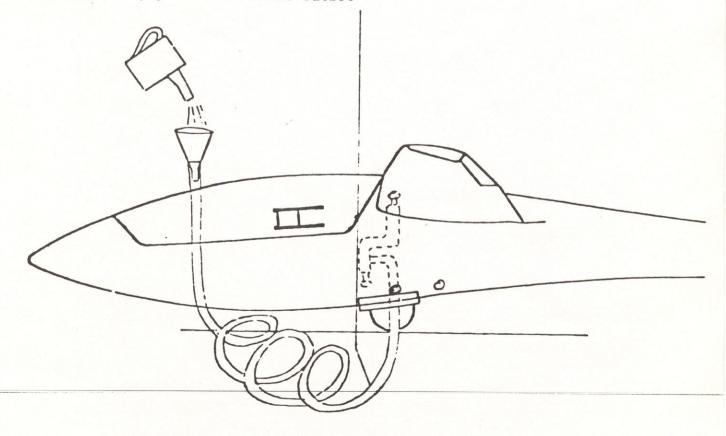
4.13.2. Rear water ballast

You have to proceed as well as for the front water ballast using the taps and connected holes.

NOTE: If the water ballasts canbe filled without exceeding the gross—weight (see page 4.5) then take off with full ballast is recommended as it minimizes water movement.

- The left handle opens the right wing ballast.
- The right handle opens the left wing ballast.

Flexible pipe fitted in the outlet



#### LOADING OF WATER BALLASTS (continued)

The maximum authorized weight must never be exceeded.

To dertermine the proper quantity of water, use the following table:

KC	3	/	LIVE WEIGHT					
1	/	Lbs	65 143,3	75 165,3	85	95 209,4	105 231,5	120 253,5
		230 507	Full	Full	Full	Full	Full	155
		240 529	Full	Full	Full	Full	Full	145
weight	weight	250 551	Full	Full	Full	Full	150 330,75	135
omntv	cuipey	260 573	Full	Full	Full	150 330,75	308,7	125 275
יסה: וה	GTTGGT	270 / 595	Full	Full	150	308,7	130 286	115 253

Maximum capacity of front water ballasts : 120 litres (31,7 USG) Maximum capacity of rear water ballasts : 40 litres (11 USG)

It is imperative to be sure of the trim of the glider everytime the water ballasts are used.

#### 4'.14. SLIPPING FLIGHT

In slipping flight between the speed of 36 and 45 kts it is possible to reach full back stick before reaching full rudder travel this leads to a more nose down altitude. This phenomenon is even more noticeable when the airbrakes are deployed. Considering the unusual slip behavior it is recommended that the final approach be done with airbrakes only as a means of glide path control.

FACULTATIVE ISSUE Page 4.5

#### 6.1.2. ARITHMETIC CALCULATION

6.1.2.1. Glider: serial number 101 ... Registration N.:

Empty glider lever arm (Blv) = ... m(...in) see weight and balance recompty weight with equipment (MVE) = ... Kg (... Lbs)

#### 6.1.2.2. Lever arm of the removable elements

Rear water ballasts + 0.525M (+ 20 in) 6.1.2.3. Example for in flight center of gravity calculation

	WEIGHT	S	LEVER ARM		MOMENTS
Empty glider with equipment MVE Equiped pilot (with parachute) lead discs Radio VHF Battery Water ballasts	255 77 0 1.2 3.5 118.3	x	0.65	= = =	160.65 m Kg -50.05 0 - 1.32 2.275 17.745
$X = \frac{129.3}{455} = 0.284 \text{ m } (0.932 \text{ Ft})$	455 KG				129.3 m Kg

Reference chord (socket): c = 0.887 m (34.92 in) So the center of gravity position in % of chord is

$$\frac{0.284}{----}$$
 = 0.32 so 32 % 0.887

#### 6.1.2.4. Calculation board

Designation		lever arm = (m) (in)	Moment (m.kg)(inb)
Empty glider equiped	1		
Pilot			
lead discs			
Supl. equipment at the board			
Battery			
Water ballasts rear			
Supl. equipment			

Total weight: ...... Total moment: .......

# 

# MISE EN PLACE DES POCHES DE WATER BALLASTS ARRIERES

- Planeur non équipé de ficelle : numéro 101 AO 198 Utiliser une perche fourchue comme indiqué sur le schéma.
- Planeurs équipés d'une ficelle dont les extrémités sont fixées à l'intérieur de l'aile, en bordure du logement du water ballast :

  numéros 101 A0 199 101 A0 200 101 A0 201 101 A0 202 101 A0 203 -

numéros 101 AO 199 - 101 AO 200 - 101 AO 201 - 101 AO 202 - 101 AO 203 - 101 AO 204 -

- Attacher l'extrémité de la poche à un bout de la ficelle, tirer sur l'autre bout jusqu'à ce que la poche soit en place dans son logement. Enrouler la ficelle et la fixer à l'intérieur du logement.

#### MOUNTING OF THE REAR WATER-BALLASTS BAGS

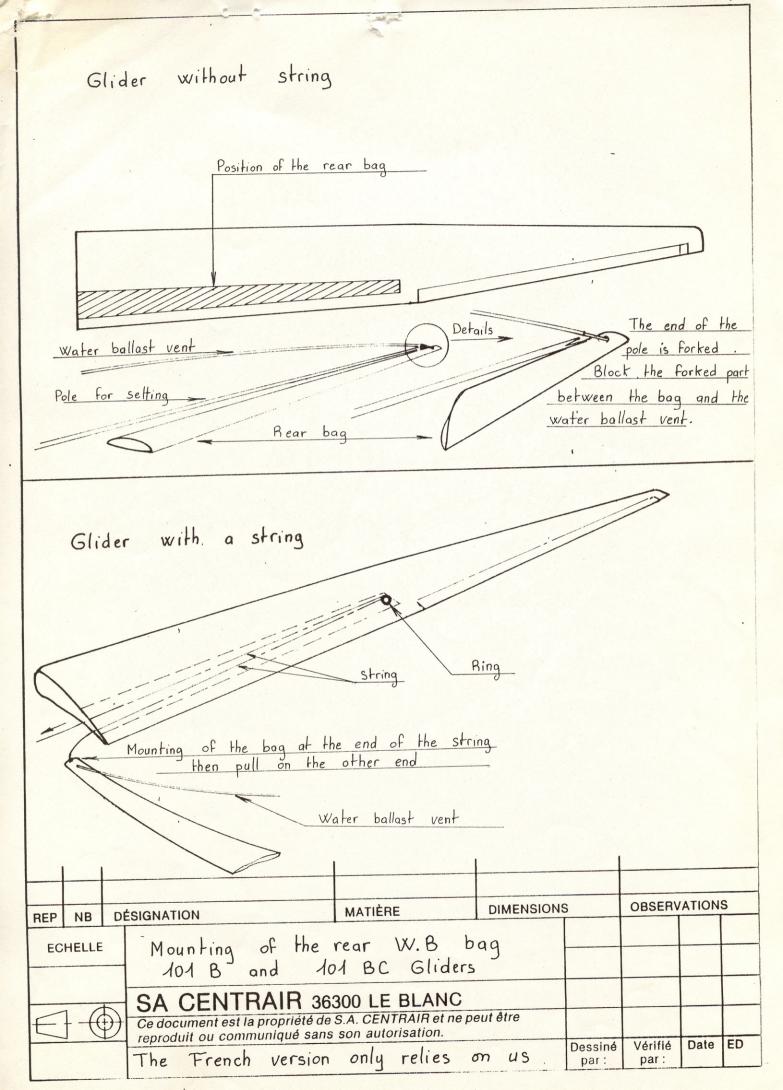
- Glider without any string : serial number 101 AO 198 Use a forked pole as indicated on the plan.
- Gliders with astring

(whose tops are fitted inside the wing at the edge of the water-ballast lodgment)

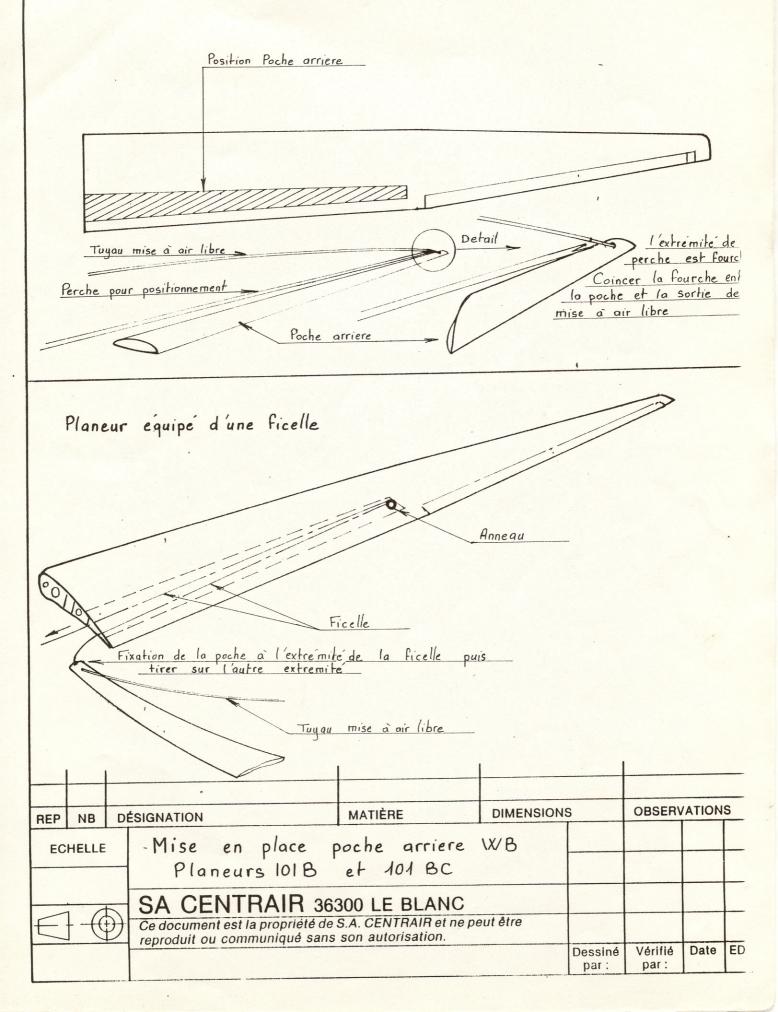
serial numbers 101 A0 199 - 101 A0 200 - 101 A0 201 - 101 A0 202 - 101 A0 203 - 101 A0 204 -

- Tie the top of the bag at one edge of the string, pull on the other edge until the bag is placed in its lodgement.

Roll up the string and fix it inside the lodgement.



# Planeur non équipé de ficelle



8.1 - WEIGHTING S/N 101A0203 Reg. No. N58KG October 11, 1990

Datum line: wing leading edge at wing root

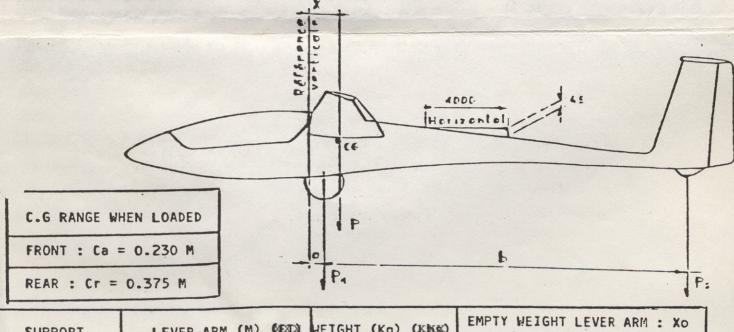
Levelling means : on top surface of fuselage tail cone, level using a gradient wedge of 45/1000.

Max. weight with loaded water ballast 455 kg = 1003.0 lbs. Max. weight with empty water ballast Empty weight equipped Useful load

368 kg = 811.4 lbs.

280 kg = 617.4 lbs.

88 kg = 194.0 lbs.



SUPPORT	LEVER ARM (M) CETTA	HEIGHT (Kg) (Kbs)	EMPTY WEIGHT LEVER ARM: Xo (B L V IN M OR 本本)
FRONT P1	a: 0.115	242.2	$x_0 = \frac{P2}{P1} + \frac{b}{P2} + a = 0.684$
BACK P2	ь: 4.132	38.7	P1 + P2

- (1) =  $\frac{\text{MVE}(x_0 c_r)}{1 + c_r}$  = 84.7 kg or 186.8 lbs. equipped pilot min. weight.
- (2) =  $\frac{\text{MVE (Xo Ca)}}{\text{L + Ca}}$  = 88.0 kg or 194.0 lbs. equipped pilot max. weight.

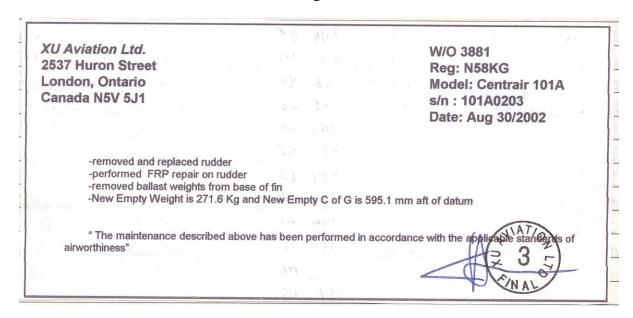
Mean lever arm of the pilot: L = 0.65 M

Note: Lead discs weighing 6.5 kg (14.33 lb) have been installed on the rear post.

705 R. More A+P1558563

# **N58KG** Weight and Balance

### 15 April 2009



The above 30 August 2004 weight and balance for Pegasus 101A0203 lists a new empty weight of 271.6 Kg and empty C of G at 0.5951m. Using this information gives the following load restrictions for the equipped pilot, i.e. pilot plus parachute plus drinking water etc.

The maximum useful load is limited by the maximum allowed weight of N58KG with no water ballast and by the forward C of G of  $C_a$ =0.230 m when using full front water ballast.

The minimum allowed weight is set by the rear limit of the C of G of  $C_r = 0.375$ m.

N58KG is certified in the USA as a 101A model and use of the rear water bags is forbidden.

	101A	101B
Maximum equipped pilot load, no water ballast	96.4Kg = $212.5$ lbs	108.4 Kg = 239 lbs
Maximum equipped pilot load, full water ballast	65.1 Kg = 143.5 lbs	101.9 Kg = 224.7 lbs
Minimum equipped pilot load, no water ballast	58.3 Kg = 128.5 lbs	58.3 Kg = 128.5 lbs
Minimum equipped pilot load, full water ballast	32.3  Kg = 71.2  lbs	32.3  Kg = 71.2  lbs